Whitmoore Chemical Company Research and Development Department Lab Report Date: June 13, 1985 Researcher: Dr. Lawrence Pimbers Subject: Initial Observations of Aquabeam Post-Escape

Background: Following a minor containment breach on June 12th, initial observations have revealed unexpected and intriguing behaviors of the experimental sunscreen product, Aquabeam. These findings warrant further investigation to fully understand the potential applications and risks associated with this chemical.

Observation 1: Motility Activation

- Description: Aquabeam exhibits life-like movement when exposed to prolonged heat.
- Details: Heat exposure appears to activate the motility of Aquabeam, causing it to move independently. This behavior was not observed in prior tests under controlled conditions.
- Hypothesis: Heat destabilizes the inert formulation, triggering a chemical reaction that results in movement. Further study is required to understand the underlying mechanism.

Observation 2: 0il and Fat Consumption

- Description: Aquabeam actively seeks and consumes oil and fats via osmosis.
- Details: The chemical exhibits a strong affinity for lipid-based substances, including grease. Instances of laboratory samples being rapidly absorbed and dissolved by Aquabeam were documented.
- Hypothesis: Aquabeam's unique formulation includes components that enable it to break down and assimilate oils and fats. This characteristic could have practical applications, particularly in cleaning scenarios.

Observation 3: Potential Cleaning Applications

- Description: Aquabeam shows promise as an automatic cleaning agent.
- Details: Given its ability to seek out and consume oils and fats, Aquabeam could potentially be used as a powerful cleaning agent. Its motility allows it to reach and clean areas that are typically difficult to access.
- **Proposal:** Investigate the feasibility of developing a controlled version of Aquabeam for household and industrial cleaning purposes. A product that cleans continuously and autonomously could revolutionize cleaning technology.

Conclusion: The initial observations of Aquabeam reveal its potential beyond its intended use as a sunscreen. Its ability to move autonomously and consume fats and oils suggests possible applications as a cleaning agent. Further research is needed to fully understand the mechanisms behind these behaviors and to explore safe and effective ways to harness Aquabeam's properties for practical use.

Next Steps:

- 1. Mechanistic Studies: Conduct detailed investigations to understand the chemical reactions driving Aquabeam's motility and lipid consumption.
- 2. Controlled Formulations: Develop formulations that control the activation and movement of Aquabeam for safe usage.
- 3. Application Testing: Test Aquabeam's cleaning efficacy in various environments to assess its potential as a household and industrial cleaning agent.
- 4. Safety Protocols: Establish stringent safety protocols to prevent unintended activation and ensure safe handling of Aquabeam.

Note: These research notes are preliminary and should be kept confidential. Dissemination of this information requires authorization from the executive team.

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